Num. 3911

The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Wednesday, November 6, 1745.

From the General Evening Poſt, Oct. 31.

Since our laſt arrived the Mails from Holland and Flanders.

From the Head Quarters of the Prince of Conti at Mutterſtadt, dated October 29.

WE have at length, God be praiſed, received Orders to decamp, which we are to execute To-morrow, when we ſhall march off towards Spire, in order to take up Winter Quarters in Alſace. The Reaſon publickly aſſigned for this is, that there is no poſſibility of our encamping with Safety in the open Towns on the Rhine, now the Empire has a Chief, who might, at any time, make Uſe of the Fortreſſes of Mentz or Philipsburg, to carry off our advanced Poſts, when we leaſt expected it. We ſuſpect however ſomething more at the Bottom. In ſhort, our Affairs are all wrong in Germany; the King of Pruſſia is going, and the Elector Palatine is gone off; ſo that the beſt thing we can now do is to look as well as we can to our own Affairs.

Hague, Nov. 5. The ſecond Son of the Chevalier de St. George had an Audience of his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty not long ago at Fontainbleau; after which he ſet out, without any body being able to ſay what Road he has taken. We go our own Way, with reſpect to the Eaſt-India Sale, and the Abbe de la Ville will go his. He ſets out To-morrow for Paris, but has parted civilly with People here; and talks of returning in five or ſix Weeks. But as his quitting this Place at this Juncture carries ſomething in it we do not like, an Augmentation will ſpeedily take place, in order to ſecure us from the Effects of the Reſentment of the French Court, in caſe they ſhould incline to give us any Marks of it; which we have great Reaſon to ſuſpect, and are therefore reſolved to have a numerous Army in the Field very early in the Spring.

From the London Evening Poſt, Oct. 31.

Genoa, Oct. 16. The Maſter of a Roman Fink that arrived here laſt Thurſday, reports, That on the 10th inſt. he ſaw an Engliſh Squadron of 20 Sail lying at Anchor on the Coaſt of Sardinia, and that two Days after he fell in with 4 Men of War of the ſame Nation, who were ſteering for Calvi in Corſica. It is thought theſe 4 Ships are going to block up the 6 Neapolitan Tartans that lately put into that Port, with ſome Troops deſtin'd for the Infant Don Philip's Army.

Berlin, Oct. 30. The King's Army in Bohemia entred their Quarters of Cantonment in Sileſia the 20th inſt. and his Majeſty will ſtay there till the Auſtrian Troops ſeparate. It is thought the latter will go into Winter Quarters in a few Days.

Newcaſtle, Oct. 26. They write from Carliſle, that on Thurſday ſe'nnight, one Little from about Longholme, (who formerly carried a Pack about Reading) was abuſing General Cope for Cowardice, and drank Succeſs to our Forces with a deal of ſeeming Loyalty; but in the Increaſe of Liquor he began to ſpeak the Sentiments of his Heart, on which a Soldier ſecured him; and being ſearched, he had ſeveral Letters about him with the Chevalier's Paſs. The Letters are not yet publiſhed; but by the Contents he was intitled to Goal, and accordingly committed.

Several of the Soldiers who eſcaped from the Highland Camp ſwore, that this Fellow was Priſoner with General Cope for a Spy the Day before the Battle, and made his Eſcape in the Action; one of them ſwore he ſaw him the Day after the Battle with his Captain's Waiſtcoat on.

From the St. James's Evening Poſt, Oct. 31.

Legborn, Oct. 6. O. S. Baron Neuhoff, who was thought to be in Corſica, has lately appeared in publick here, and is making Preparation for his Departure on board an Engliſh Veſſel, of which there are two here in his Service; one on the Point of Sailing, on board which ſome People ſay he is, and the other will depart in two or three Days. Yeſterday there arrived here an Engliſh Packet-boat from Portmahon, in thirteen Days, with Advice, that ſeveral Prizes had been ſent thither by their Men of War. The Genoeſe have lately ſent ſome Veſſels to Boniface, in the Iſland of Corſica, to bring away the heavy Artillery of the Spaniards, depoſited there by virtue of a Treaty with the Engliſh Admiral Matthews. They are likewiſe fortifying all their Sea Coaſt with the utmoſt Diligence, into which they were frighted by the Ruin of the Town of St. Remo, where the Miſchief done by Admiral Rowley is computed at upwards of 100,000 Crowns. An Engliſh Man of War, called the Phenix, is arrived here in ſearch of that Admiral, and has brought a Detachment from Admiral Medley, who is to command the Fleet in his Stead, containing a Licence for Admiral Rowley to return home.

Placentia, Oct. 7. O. S. The Spaniſh Troops which were in this Dutchy and in that of Parma, have begun their March in order to join Count Gage, who is preparing to go farther into the Milaneze. It ſeems the Auſtrians have reſolved to defend the Citadel of Milan to the laſt Extremity, in Hopes of being relieved by the Troops coming from Germany. The Fortreſs of Pizzighitona is well provided with all Sorts of Neceſſaries, and a Body of Troops encamps at hand to cover that Place.

Caſal, Oct. 9. O. S. The King has received Advice, that ſince the Surrender of the Town of Alexandria the Spaniards have taken in hand the Siege of Valenza, be-

cauſe they think the Seaſon is too far advanced to lay Siege to the Citadel of Alexandria; and indeed his Majeſty had ordered ſuch Reparations and additional Works to be made to that Fortreſs, that it may now paſs for one of the ſtrongeſt in Lombardy: It is garriſoned by 7 Battalions, who are well provided with warlike Stores and Proviſions. The King expects every Day a very conſiderable new Remittance from England, to defray the extraordinary Expences he is obliged to put himſelf to in the preſent Conjuncture.

Vienna, Oct. 12. *O. S.* It is ſaid that the Empreſs Queen's Troops will be conſiderably augmented, not only ſo as to face the Enemy upon the Rhine, in Sileſia, and in the Low Countries, but alſo to ſend ſufficient Reinforcements into Italy, to repair the Loſſes ſuſtained there; for which Purpoſe the hereditary Countries are to furniſh 30,000 Recruits, excluſive of thoſe to be drawn from Hungary.

Ratisbon, Oct. 17. *O. S.* The Auſtrians have entirely evacuated Ingolſtadt and Braunau, and the Bavarian Troops have taken Poſſeſſion thereof.

Prince Charles of Lorrain's Army was ſtill encamped in the Neighbourhood of Jaromitz the 11th inſt. and it is not yet known whether the Troops will march into Winter Quarters, or follow the Pruſſians into Sileſia: The general Opinion is, that they will take the latter Courſe, or at leaſt continue a little longer the Operations of the Campaign, inaſmuch as we are aſſured that the Negotiations with the Court of Berlin have not had the wiſhed for Succeſs.

Paris, Oct. 18. *O. S.* The Court has ſent an Expreſs to Rochfort, with Orders for the Men of War there to ſail immediately; and it is reported that they are to join the Ferrol Squadron in a certain Latitude.

Berlin, Oct. 19. *O. S.* They write from Upper Sileſia, that General Naſſau having been informed that General Eſterhaſi was returned to his old Quarters at Oderburgh, immediately marched with Part of his Troops, attacked and defeated a Body of Hungarians at Hatſchen; that the Pruſſian Huſſars had cut to Pieces an Hungarian Battalion, and that continuing their Purſuit of the Enemy, they had taken a Squadron of Horſe Priſoners. It is added, that General Naſſau has alſo obliged Velt-Marſhal Eſterhaſi to abandon Oderburg. Our Troops had but 8 Men killed, and 32 wounded; the Enemy loſt about 300 Men. General Naſſau marched the 11th towards Porubo, from whence we expect Advice of his ulterior Operations.

Mentz, Oct. 19. *O. S.* The French evacuated Worms this Morning, after breaking their Ovens in Pieces; and their whole Army, which encamped at Mutterſtadt, began their March Yeſterday in the Evening, but we do not yet know what Route they are taking.

Spire, Oct. 19. *O. S.* This Morning the French Army under the Prince of Conti, began their March towards the Frontiers of Alſace, in order to take up their Winter Quarters in that Province.

Dublin, Oct. 22. We hear an additional Duty will be laid on all French Manufactures brought into this Kingdom.

We hear from Cork, that it was currently reported there, that the Auguſta Man of War, Capt. Hamilton, had taken the Apollo, a French Man of War.

The Roman Catholick Clergy have for three Weeks paſt earneſtly recommended to their People to behave themſelves peaceably and quietly like good Subjects, to avoid like true Chriſtians all Riots, Mobs, Drunkenneſs or late Hours, to give no Offence, either in their Words or Actions, to their Neighbours, but to behave themſelves ſo in every Reſpect, as to be worthy the Favour and Liberty they *now* enjoy.

Newcaſtle, Oct. 26. The ——, Capt. Marſhall, of Burlington, who landed ſome time ago at Sunderland with Coals, was, on the 18th inſtant ſunk, in a violent Storm at Sea; when the Captain, and four of his Hands, jumped into the Long-boat, thinking to ſave themſelves; but not meeting with any Aſſiſtance, and having nothing to eat but a Dog that came into the Boat along with them, the Captain and three of the above Hands were ſtarved to Death, and the fifth, with his dead Companions, were drove aſhore Yeſterday at Blyth, and only the Bulk of a Herring left of the Dog. The People at Blyth have taken all poſſible Care of the young Man, and have given him ſome Victuals, which have ſwelled him ſo, that it is thought he cannot live.

We are aſſured from Durham, that there are above 1000 Horſe and Dragoons in that City, for this Town; and we hear the whole Army deſigned for the North, will encamp on the Town-muir next Wedneſday.

On the 10th inſtant died at Middleton-place, near Ravenglaſs in Cumberland, Thomas Dickenſon, aged 112, many Years Warrenner to Sir William Pennington Bart. deceaſed. He was very healthy and active till within a few Days of his Death, moſt fully enjoying his Sight and all his Senſes; and, which ſhews the Purity of the Air there, was never known to be a Day's Journey from the Place of his Birth.

LONDON, *Oct.* 31.

Letters from St. Malo's mention, that five or ſix Tobacco Ships, and two Sugar Ships are taken and carried in there.

M. de Maupertius, the famous Mathematician and Preſident of the Academy of Sciences at Berlin, has been lately married there with great Magnificence, both the Queens having honoured him with their Company.

The Trembleur of Philadelphia has taken a Spaniſh Ship richly laden, near the Bermuda Iſlands, and has ſent her to Philadelphia.

The Neptune, Macarty, from London for Liſbon, was taken off of la Hogue by a Spaniſh Privateer, and afterwards retaken by the Wolf Sloop of War.

The Preſents made by their Imperial Majeſties during the few Hours Stay they made at the Court of the Duke of Wirtemberg, are ſaid to have amounted to upwards of 20,000 Florins in Diamond-rings, Repeating Watches, Gold Snuff-boxes, &c.

A certain Counteſs, remarkable for her Wit, the other Day was pleaſed to obſerve, 'That ſince we could not '*Cope* with our preſent Difficulties, we muſt *Wade* thro' 'them.'

William Montagu, Eſq; is choſen Knight of the Shire for the County of Huntingdon, in the room of William Mitchel, Eſq; deceaſed.

Yeſterday being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Birth-day, when he entred into the 63d Year of his Age, the Morning was uſhered in with ringing of Bells; at Noon there was a grand Appearance of the Nobility, Foreign Miniſters, Gentry, &c. at St. James's, to pay their Compliments to his Majeſty; and the Evening concluded with Fireworks, Bonfires, and other Demonſtrations of Loyalty, throughout the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Borough of Southwark.

The Rev. Dr. Jonathan Swift, Dean of St. Patrick's Dublin, has bequeathed the Bulk of his Fortune which is about 12,000 l. to build and endow an Hoſpital, for Lunaticks, Idiots, and Incurables, which Hoſpital is to be called St. Patrick's, and to be erected near Stephen's. Dr. Sterne, late Biſhop of Clogher, left 600 l. towards carrying on the ſaid Hoſpital, and William Cuningham, Eſq; 300 l.

Letters from Genoa ſay, That the ſecond Son of the Pretender, who is now at Paris, will make a Deſcent on Ireland with a large Body of Forces from Ferrol; from which Place he is to be ſupported with Money, Arms and Ammunition.

—— Humphreys, Eſq; is choſen Member of Parliament for the Borough of Gatton in the County of Surrey, in the Room of Paul Dominique, Eſq; deceaſt.

The Maſter of the Packet which brought the laſt Mail from Holland, having given Information that three Men of War, and ten large Tranſports, were all ready to ſail from Oſtend Harbour, we hear an Expreſs has been ſent to Admiral Vernon.

There are Letters in Town which mention, that the Pretender has made his Eſcape to Dunkirk in a Sailor's Habit.

The HISTORY of EUROPE.

From the WESTMINSTER JOURNAL.

Tho the Pruſſians have entirely evacuated Bohemia, and are gone into Winter Quarters in Sileſia, it does not appear that the Campaign is entirely over on that Side; Prince Charles ſeeming ſtill to meditate ſome great Deſign, and keeping his Army together in the Field. The Pruſſians however are very confident, that the Seaſon will ſoon oblige him to follow their Example, and that they are under little Apprehenſions concerning what he may in the mean Time attempt.

The Negotiation that has been ſo long on Foot between the Courts of Vienna and Berlin ſeems to have entirely miſcarried, while the former appears more firmly than ever united with that of Dreſden. It is generally believed, that the high Demands made by the Queen Empreſs, and the Expectations his Poliſh Majeſty may form from a more ſucceſsful Campaign againſt his Neighbour of Pruſſia, are grand Cauſes that have defeated the pacific Deſigns of the Maritime Powers. How this Conduct will be reliſhed by thoſe Powers, we muſt learn from their conſequential Behaviour.

That the Czarina has in View either the bringing about an Accommodation, or the forming a new Alliance, is very probable from the Journey of her Vice-Chancellor Woronzow, into the Empire, and his repairing firſt to Berlin: For that this Miniſter comes on account of his Health, as hath been given out, is far from being generally believed.

The Saxon Army in the Neighbourhood of Leipſick is at laſt ſeparated, and the Troops are gone into Winter Quarters, after having firſt ſeen the Pruſſians pretty quiet in theirs, in the Dutchy of Magdeburg.

By what paſſed at the Interview between their Imperial Majeſties and the Elector of Bavaria, near Straubingen, and by drawing off the Auſtrian Garriſons that were at Ingolſtadt, Braunau, and Shardingen, there ſeems no Room to doubt there being a hearty Friendſhip between the Courts of Vienna and Munich.—— The Garriſon of Ingolſtadt is marching to join Prince Charles, and thoſe of Braunau and Schardingen, it is thought, will be ſent into Italy.

As to the Quarrel between the new Emperor and the Pope, no very ſerious Effects are expected from it; the Court of Rome having left an Agent at Vienna, upon the calling away of Cardinal Paolucci, to take Care of her Affairs.

The Troops of the Circles are preparing to march to the Rhine, and are to form a Cordon along the Right-hand Shore of that River, while the Imperial Army goes into Winter Quarters, which it is thought, will be made as heavy as poſſible to the Palatinate. Some however are of Opinion, that a Way will yet be found for bringing over the Elector Palatine, one Means of which muſt be the ſparing his Subjects on this Occaſion.

The Prince of Conti is at length decamped from Mutterſtadt; but ſome Letters make the Deſign of his ſo doing unknown, while others are very clear that he is going to retreat into Alſace, in order to continue on the Defenſive.

The Diet of the Empire is upon the Point of removing to Ratisbon, where it is uſed to be before the late Troubles in the Reign of the Emperor Charles VII.

In the Netherlands all ſeems to be over for this Year, both Armies having broke up their Camp, and retired into the Towns. The Head Quarters of the Allies are at Bruſſels, and thoſe of the French at Ghent, where the Inhabitants already complain of what they ſuffer from their new Maſters. There is a third Body of Britiſh Troops ready to embark, in caſe they ſhould be wanted in Great Britain, where moſt People already wiſh the whole Army preſent.

The Abbé de la Ville has taken a formal Leave of the States General, but it does not appear that he has yet begun his Journey to Verſailles. No Doubt he has been trying every Means, in order ſtill to keep their H. Mightineſſes in their long-lamented Security. This Miniſter's Behaviour puts one in mind of a Line upon one of his Countrymen, written by one of ours, who was Plenipotentiary to Lewis XIV.

He often took Leave, but was loth to depart.

A Propoſition has been lately made to the States General of the new Augmentation of 30,000 Men, for which Purpoſe ſeveral Princes of the Empire have offered to ſend Troops into their Pay: And there is a Report that 25,000 Men from the Rhine, will be ordered this Winter down into the Netherlands.

The Auſtrians ſeem at laſt reſolved to try at the Retrieval of their Affairs in Lombardy, after having moſt

of their fine Eſtates there wreſted out of their Hands, and the King of Sardinia reduced, in their Cauſe almoſt to the Neceſſity of making his Peace. Whether the Reinforcements of Men that may be ſent by the Court of Vienna, and the Remittances of Money that may be made from London, will be ſufficient ſtill to keep him ſteady, at the Hazard of his ancient Dominions in Piedmont, we ſhall in a very ſhort Time underſtand.

According to Advices from Turin, the late Advantage gained by the Count de Lautrec was not ſo conſiderable as the French had repreſented it, and the Piedmonteſe are under no more Apprehentions from that Party. They alſo flatter themſelves, that though their King's Army is not ſufficient to keep its Ground, being exceedingly diminiſhed by Detachments and Deſertion, their Enemies will not this Year carry their Point of taking the Citadel of Alexandria, which has been made a very ſtrong Fortreſs, but muſt content themſelves with Valenza only.

Some Neapolitan Tartans, having on board a Reinforcement of Troops for the Infant's Army, are thought to be blocked up in the Port of Calvi, by 4 Engliſh Men of War. Great Part of the reſt of the Engliſh Fleet was at Anchor when the laſt Advices came away, upon the Coaſt of Sardinia.

EDINBURGH, *November 6.*

On Friday laſt a Party of 500 Highlandmen, well armed, paſſed by Kilſyth, as reported, on ſome Expedition.

Monday Night there was great Rejoicings here, on account of the Birth of a Prince.

We have no certain Account of the March of either of the Armies, only it appears, from an Advertiſement paſted up in ſeveral Places of this City, that General Wade was at Newcaſtle the 30th ult.

We hear from Falkirk, that Orders came there on Tueſday laſt, to provide Quarters for 500 Men, ſuppoſed to be part of the Mackintoſhes.

From Perth, that a great Body of Highlandmen entred that Town on Monday Night.

By the Route taken by the Highland Army, it is ſuppoſed their Advanced Guard will reach Annan this Night. The young Chevalier marches on Foot, at the Head of his Army, with his Target on his Shoulder.

There is the following remarkable Paſſage in the Mayor of Yarmouth's Speech, propoſing an Aſſociation, the Meaning of which is not well underſtood in this Country.

'Let us then, my Brethren, appear in this glorious 'Cauſe, let this Burgh of Great Yarmouth ſhew itſelf, 'upon this important Emergency, to be the King's Burgh.

'But as Words alone will ſignify little, I would further recommend a Subſcription among ourſelves, to 'enable us to defend this Town, if Occaſion requires, 'for his Majeſty's Service, and to guard us againſt any 'Annoyance from rebellious Inſurrections in a neighbouring City, with which we ſeem to be threatned.'

Remainder of the Siege of the Baſs.

At laſt the Garriſon being reduced to 5 or 6 Days Proviſion, according to the above-mentioned Allowance, put out a Flag of Truce; whereupon the Government ſending to know what they wanted, the Garriſon replied, That they would ſurrender upon Terms, and drew up their own Articles: Upon which the honourable Privy Council ſent two of their Number to the Baſs, to acquaint them what Conditions they would grant. The Governor, who had ſaved ſome Bottles of the beſt French Wine, and Brandy, and ſome fine Biſket, made them drink plentifully, telling them there was no Scarcity of Proviſions, and unleſs he had his own Terms, he would not ſurrender, delivering at the ſame time his Articles to their Lordſhips, and after they were gone, he ordered all the Caputs, Coats and Hats in the Garriſon, to be put on the Muzzles of Muſquets, to make them believe the Place was full of Men; upon which their Lordſhips returned to the Council, and reported how they were treated, and that the Garriſon was in every Reſpect well provided, which induced the Honourable Council to comply with the Governor's Articles, which were,

I. That the Garriſon ſhould come aſhore with their Swords about them, and there ſhould be a Ship appointed by the Government with freſh Proviſions to tranſport ſuch of them as were willing to go to Dunkirk or Havre de Grace, and that in a Month after the Surrender: Thoſe who pleaſed to ſtay at home, might live without Diſturbance.

II. That all they had taken, or what belonged to them after they ſurpriſed the Place, they ſhould be allowed to diſpoſe of to the beſt Advantage, together with their Boats, and all things pertaining to any of them.

III. That ſuch of them as ſhould incline to go abroad, might ſtay at Edinburgh until the Ship was ready, without Moleſtation, and have ſo much a Day, according to their ſeveral Stations.

IV. That all who had belonged to the Garriſon, or had aided or aſſiſted it, ſhould have the Benefit of the Capitulation; and thoſe who were diſperſed over the Kingdom, ſhould have a time to come in; and thoſe who were condemned, in Priſon, or otherwiſe diſtreſſed, ſhould be ſet at Liberty the ſame Day the Garriſon ſhould come aſhore, without any Fees or other Charges whatſoever.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

¶†¶ That there were put in by the Highlanders to the Stable of the Relict of John Cowdon Stabler in Canongate-head, upon the 9th ult. a BROWN STAG, with a long Tail, never ſhod; a BLACK HORSE, cut tail'd; and a WHITE HORSE, alſo cut tail'd, theſe two laſt have been in ſaid Stable about 13 Days. Any who can prove their Property to all or any of ſaid Horſes may call at ſaid Mrs. Cowdon's betwixt and the 16th current, and upon Payment of their Maintenance and Charge of advertiſing, &c. ſhe will deliver them to the reſpective Owners; otherwiſe Mrs. Cowdon will diſpoſe of the ſaid Horſes by publick Roup, in Preſence of the Magiſtrates and Clerk of Canongate, in order to defray the Expence ſhe has been at; and if there is any Overplus, the ſame will be lodged in their Hands.